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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/027,948	12/19/2001	Guy Lambiaso	7784-000390	2629
27572	7590 05/03/2004		EXAMINER	
HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C.			VU, STEPHEN A	
P.O. BOX 828 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48303			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2200	,		3636	
			DATE MAILED: 05/03/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

.*	Application No.	Applicant(s)	\			
Office Action Commence	10/027,948	LAMBIASO, GUY	,\			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Stephen A Vu	3636				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 mill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH cause the application to become ABAN	y be timely filed  0) days will be considered time S from the mailing date of this of DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ja	nuary 2004.					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E		•	e merits is			
Disposition of Claims		,				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-11 and 13-20 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) 17-20 is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-11 and 13-16 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		` `			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in App ity documents have been re ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this Nationa	l Stage			
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/N	nmary (PTO-413) fail Date rmal Patent Application (PT	O-152)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hughes et al.

Hughes et al show a telephone system comprising a housing (10), a first terminal on the housing (16), a second terminal (22), and a third terminal (24). It's well known in the art that the terminals would have communication links to a remote transmitter.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hughes et al in view of Perlman.

Hughes et al disclose the claimed invention except for the second and third terminals to have an Ethernet interface. Perlman teaches that it is well known in the art for a communication terminal to have an Ethernet interface (see col. 37, lines 14-17). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the second and third terminals of Hughes et al's invention to each have an Ethernet interface as taught by Perlman, in order to provide the user with proper Ethernet connection capabilities.

Claims 5-7 and 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gallagher et al in view of Hughes et al.

Gallagher et al show a seat comprising an integrated telephone system (see col. 3, lines 35-45) having a cradle (104), a first terminal coupled to telephone handset (102), and a second terminal (see col. 4, lines 28-37). However, Gallagher et al do not disclose a third terminal. Hughes et al show a telephone system comprising a housing (10), a first terminal on the housing (16), a second terminal (22), and a third terminal (24). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a third terminal as taught by Hughes et al to the cradle of Gallagher's invention, in order to allow the user to connect another device. It's well known in the art that the terminals would have communication links to a remote transmitter.

With claims 13-15, the communication link between the computing device and the first terminal, second terminal, and third terminal can be processed as either a hardwired connection or a wireless connection.

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Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gallagher et al as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Caldwell.

Gallagher et al disclose the claimed invention except for the second terminal to have a serial port interface. Caldwell teaches a modem comprising a serial port interface (424) (see col. 9, line 3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the second terminal of Gallagher et al's invention to have a serial port interface as taught by Caldwell, in order to allow a user to connect a device requiring a serial port interface.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gallagher et al as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Schlank et al .

Gallagher et al disclose the claimed invention except for the second terminal to have a parallel port interface. Schlank et al teach a fax machine (18) comprising a parallel port interface (30). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the second terminal of Gallagher et al's invention to have a parallel port interface as taught by Schlank et al, in order to allow a user to connect a device requiring a parallel port interface.

Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gallagher et al as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Burke et al.

Gallagher et al disclose the claimed invention except for the second terminal to have a USB interface. Burke et al teach a telephone adapter/PC adapter (30) comprising a USB interface (180). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the second terminal of Gallagher et al's invention to have a USB interface as taught by Burke et al, in order to allow a user to connect a device requiring a USB interface.

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Claims 11 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gallagher et al as applied to claims 5 and 6 above, and further in view of Croft et al.

Gallagher et al disclose the claimed invention except for the second terminal and third terminal to have a RJ-45 interface. Croft et al teach that it is well known in the art for internal modems to have RJ-45 interfaces (see col. 3, lines 33-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the second terminal and third terminal of Gallagher et al's invention to each have a RJ-45 interface as taught by Schlank et al, in order to allow a user to connect a device requiring a RJ-45 interface.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed January 26, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The examiner has reviewed and considered the applicant's comments in the Amendment, filed on January 26, 2004. The applicant has argued that independent claims 1 and 5 have been amended to overcome the prior art rejections.

The examiner disagrees with the applicant's argument. Hughes et al show a telephone system comprising a housing (10), a first terminal on the housing (16), a second terminal (22), and a third terminal (24). It's well known in the art that the terminals would have communication links to a remote transmitter.

### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen A Vu whose telephone number is 703-308-1378. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:30 am to 5:00 pm

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter M Cuomo can be reached on 703-308-0827. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

Stephen Vu April 19, 2004 Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 3600